

R&D Conference Call

CHUGAI PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.
Department Manager of Oncology
Lifecycle Management Dept.
Megumi Uzu

July 4, 2016

Forward-Looking Statements



This presentation may include forward-looking statements pertaining to the business and prospects of Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (the "Company"). These statements reflect the Company's current analysis of existing information and trends. Actual results may differ from expectations based on risks and uncertainties that may affect the Company's businesses.

Although this presentation includes information regarding pharmaceuticals (including products under development), the information is not intended as any advertisement and/or medical advice.

Oncology Field

Projects under Development (as of 4 July, 2016)



	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Filed
	CKI27 / RG7304 (Japan / overseas) - solid tumors	GC33 (RG7686) / codrituzumab - hepatocellular carcinoma	AF802 (RG7853) / Alecensa (overseas) - NSCLC [1L]	AF802 (RG7853) / Alecensa (EU) - NSCLC [post-crizotinib]
Oncology	RG7596 / polatuzumab vedotin - NHL RG7604 / taselisib - solid tumors RG7440 / ipatasertib - solid tumors		RG1273 / Perjeta - breast cancer (adjuvant) - gastric cancer RG3502 / Kadcyla -breast cancer (adjuvant) GA101 (RG7159) / obinutuzumab - aggressive NHL - indolent NHL	
			RG7446 / atezolizumab - NSCLC - NSCLC (adjuvant) - bladder cancer - MIBC (adjuvant) - renal cell carcinoma RG435 / Avastin - renal cell carcinoma	

In principle, completion of first dose is regarded as the start of clinical studies in each phase.

NHL: non-Hodgkin's lymphoma NSCLC: non-small cell lung cancer MIBC: muscle invasive bladder cancer Letters in orange: in-house projects

★: Projects with advances in stages since 22 April, 2016

ASCO 2016:

Key Presentations Featuring Chugai Medicines



ALECTINIB

Alectinib (ALC) versus crizotinib (CRZ) in ALK-inhibitor naive ALK-positive non-small cell lung cancer (ALK+ NSCLC): Primary results from the J-ALEX study [Abstract #9008 (oral)]

CKI27

➤ Updated efficacy and safety results from the Phase I study of intermittent dosing of the dual MEK/RAF inhibitor, RO5126766 in patients (pts) with RAS/RAF mutated advanced solid tumors [Abstract #2582 (poster)]

ASCO 2016:

Key Presentations Featuring Chugai Medicines



ATEZOLIZUMAB

- 1. Non Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)
 - Updated survival and biomarker analysis of a randomized phase II study of atezolizumab vs docetaxel in 2L/3L NSCLC (POPLAR) [Abstract #9028 (poster)]

2. Bladder Cancer

- Updated efficacy and >1-y follow up from IMvigor210 Atezolizumab (atezo) in platinum (plat) treated locally advanced/metastatic urothelial carcinoma (mUC) [Abstract #4515 (oral)]
- Atezolizumab (atezo) as first-line (1L) therapy in cisplatin-ineligible locally advanced/metastatic urothelial carcinoma (mUC): Primary analysis of IMvigor210 cohort [Abstract LBA4500 (oral)]

3. Breast Cancer

Phase Ib trial of atezolizumab in combination with nab-paclitaxel in patients with metastatic triple negative breast cancer (mTNBC) [Abstract #1009 (poster discussion)]

1. Atezolizumab in NSCLC



Study Design – POPLAR randomized phase II in all-comer population

Metastatic or locally advanced NSCLC (2L/3L)
Disease progression on prior platinum therapy
N=287



Atezolizumab 1200 mg IV q3w until loss of clinical benefit

Docetaxel
75 mg/m² IV q3w
until disease progression

Stratification Factors

- PD-L1 IC expression (0 vs 1 vs 2 vs 3)
- Histology (squamous vs non squamous)
- Prior chemotherapy regimens (1 vs 2)

POPLAR: Updated mOS in PD-L1 subgroups



Efficacy increasing with higher PD-L1 expression

Updated analysis (Event / N=70%): Minimum follow-up 20 months Updated median OS (95% CI), mo Atezolizumab **Docetaxel** n = 144n = 143**Subgroup (% of enrolled patients)** 0.45 TC3 or IC3 (16%) NE (9.8, NE) 11.1 (6.7, 14.4) 0.50 TC2/3 or IC2/3 (37%) 15.1 (8.4, NE) 7.4 (6.0, 12.5) _0.59 TC1/2/3 or IC1/2/3 (68%) 15.1 (11.0, NE) 9.2 (7.3, 12.8) 0.88 TC0 and IC0 (32%) 9.7 (6.7, 12.0) 9.7 (8.6, 12.0) 0.69 ITT (N = 287)12.6 (9.7, 16.0) 9.7 (8.6, 12.0) 0.2 2 Hazard Ratio^a In favor of In favor of atezolizumab docetaxel

^a Stratified HR for ITT and unstratified HRs for PD-L1 subgroups; NE, not estimable; Data cut-off: December 1, 2015

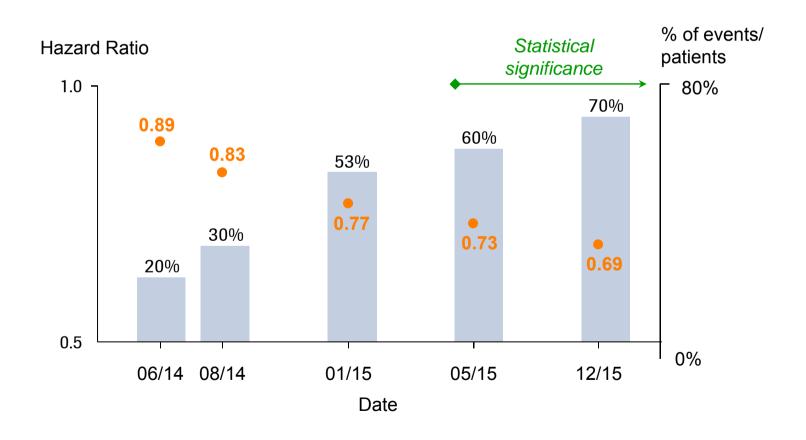
POPLAR:

Time shows true size of the treatment effect



Example: Atezolizumab overall survival in lung cancer

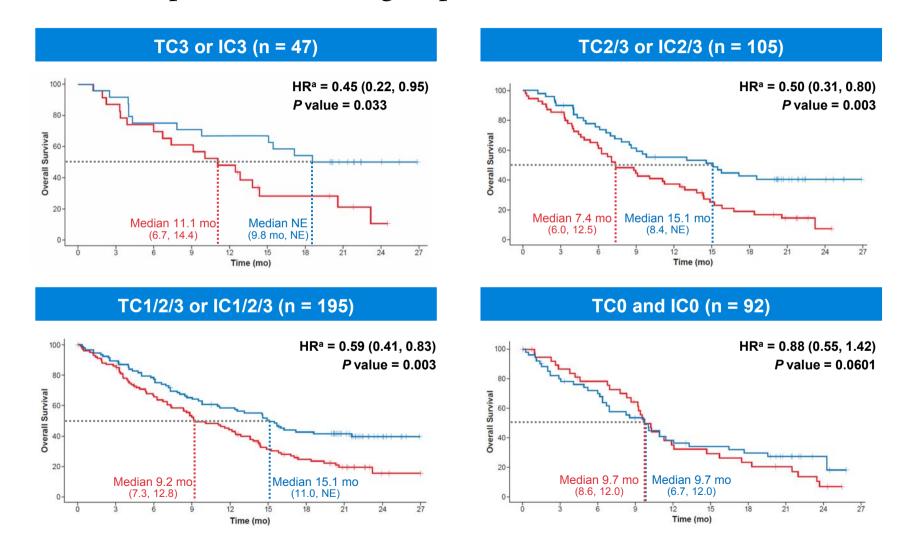
IBI 18



POPLAR: Updated mOS in PD-L1 subgroups



OS curves separate in all subgroups incl. TC0/IC0 over time



^a Unstratified HR; Data cut-off: December 1, 2015

2. Atezolizumab in Bladder Cancer



Study Design – Phase II IMvigor210

IMvigor210 • Locally advanced or metastatic urothelial carcinoma • Predominantly TCC histology • Tumor tissue evaluable for PD-L1 testing Cohort 1 (N=119) 1L cisplatin ineligible Locally advanced or metastatic until RECIST v1.1 progression until RECIST v1.1 progression Cohort 2 (N=310) Platinum-treated mUC Atezolizumab 1200 mg IV q3w until loss of clinical benefit

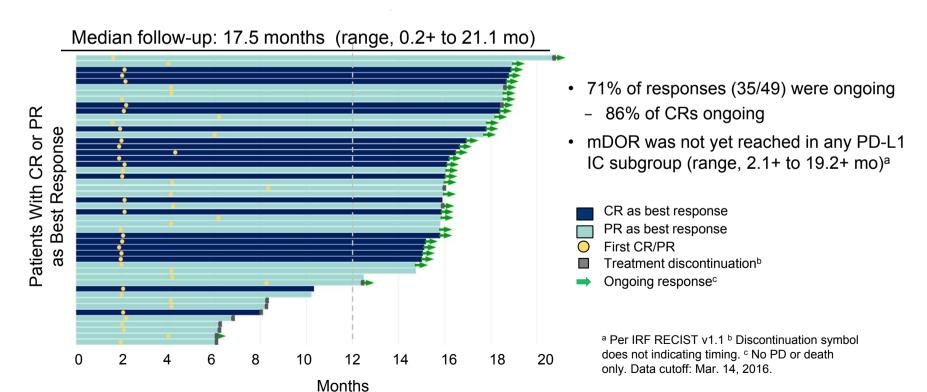
Approved in the US under the brand name Tecentriq® for a specific type of advanced bladder cancer. The US FDA accelerated approval is based on the phase II IMvigor210 study.

Imvigor210: Cohort 2 update

Innovation all for the patients CHUGAI A member of the Roche group

Ongoing & durable responses across all subgroups

	IC2/3	IC1/2/3	All ^a	IC1	IC0
	(n = 100)	(n = 207)	(N = 310)	(n = 107)	(n = 103)
ORR: confirmed IRF RECIST v1.1 (95% CI)	28%	19%	16%	11%	9%
	(19, 38)	(14, 25)	(12, 20)	(6, 19)	(4, 16)
CR rate: confirmed IRF RECIST v1.1 (95% CI)	15%	9%	7%	4%	2%
	(9, 24)	(6, 14)	(4, 10)	(1, 9)	(0, 7)



■ PR/CR

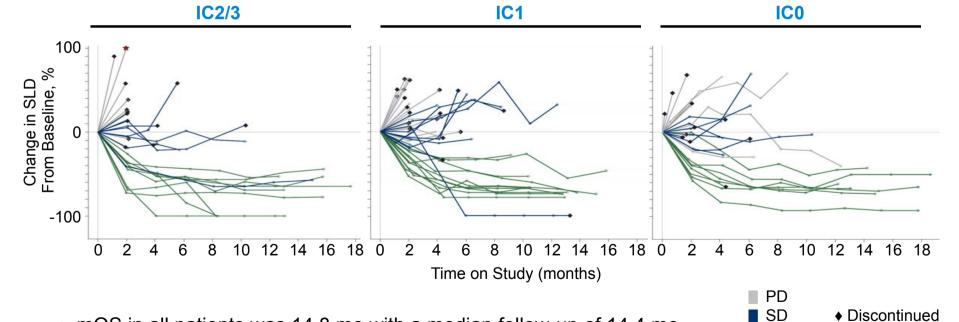
IMvigor210: Cohort 1 response rate & durability



Confirmed	responses,	incl.	CRs of	bserved	in	all s	ubgrou	ps
-----------	------------	-------	--------	---------	----	-------	--------	----

	IC2/3 (n = 32)	IC1/2/3 (n = 80)	All Patients (N = 119)	IC1 (n = 48)	IC0 (n = 39)
ORR ^a (95% CI)	28% (14, 47)	25% (16, 36)	24% (16, 32)	23% (12, 37)	21% (9, 36)
CR	6%	6%	7%	6%	8%
PR	22%	19%	17%	17%	13%

IBI 18



mOS in all patients was 14.8 mo with a median follow-up of 14.4 mo

★ > 100%

^a Includes 19 patients with missing/unevaluable responses. All treated patients had measurable disease at baseline per investigator-assessed RECIST v1.1. PD-L1 IC status: IC2/3 (≥ 5%), IC1 (≥ 1 but < 5%), IC0 (< 1%). Data cut-off: March 14, 2016

3. Atezolizumab in Triple Negative Breast Cancer (TNBC)



Study Design – atezolizumab + nab-paclitaxel Phase lb (Arm F)

IBI 18

Phase Ib atezolizumab + nab-paclitaxel in 1-3L+TNBC N=32

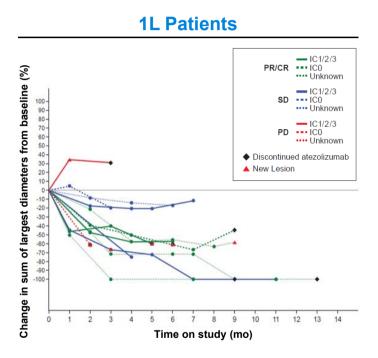
Atezolizumab 800mg/d q2w + Nab-paclitaxel 125mg/m2 q4w until loss of clinical benefit

Atezolizumab + Abraxane in TNBC

Response rate and duration of response



Best Overall Response	1L (n = 13)	2L (n = 9 ^b)	3L+ (n = 10)	All Patients (N=32)
Confirmed ORR (95% CI) ^a	46% (19, 75)	22% (3, 60)	40% (12, 74)	38% (21-56)
CR	8%	0%	0%	3%
PR	38%	22%	40%	34%
SD	38%	67%	30%	44%
PD	15%	0	30%	16%
Missing or NE	0%	11%	0%	3%

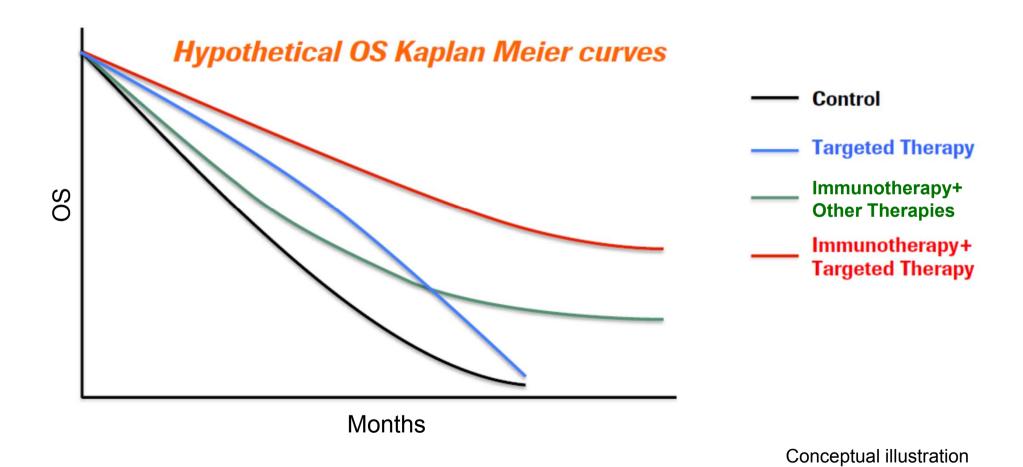


Phase 3 IMpassion 130 in 1L TNBC patients ongoing

^a Confirmed ORR defined as ≥ 2 consecutive assessments of CR or PR; ^b One patient discontinued with clinical progression before first on-treatment tumor assessment. Data cutoff date: Jan 14, 2016

PD-L1: Expectation to Cancer Immunotherapy





Contacts: Corporate Communications Dept.

Investor Relations Group

Tel: +81 (0)3-3273-0554 Fax: +81 (0)3-3281-6607

e-mail: ir@chugai-pharm.co.jp

Toshiya Sasai, Takayuki Sakurai, Tomoko Shimizu,

Tomoyuki Shimamura